

A practical application of the variational approach to fracture mechanics

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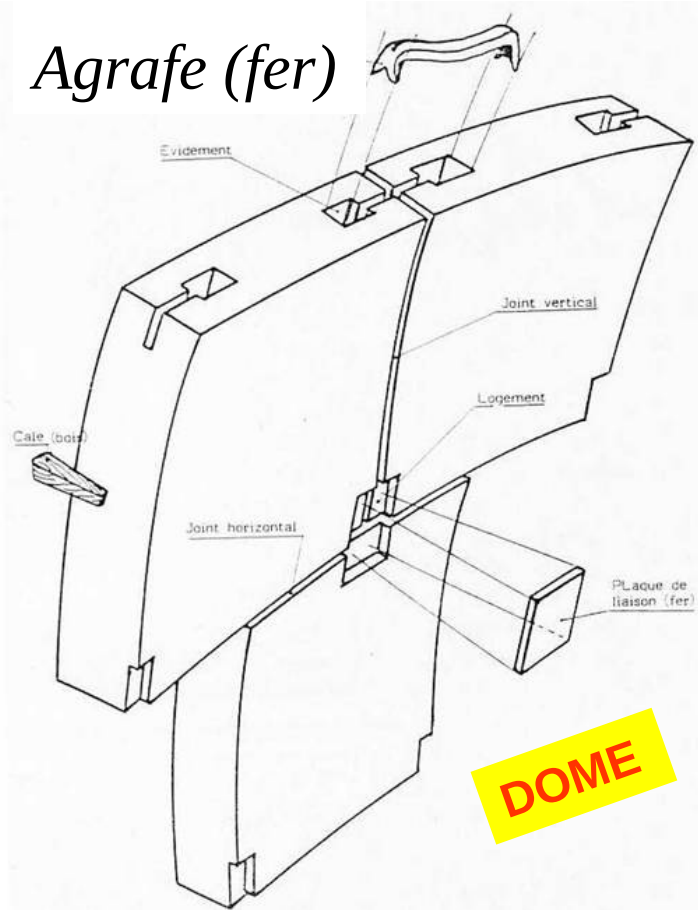
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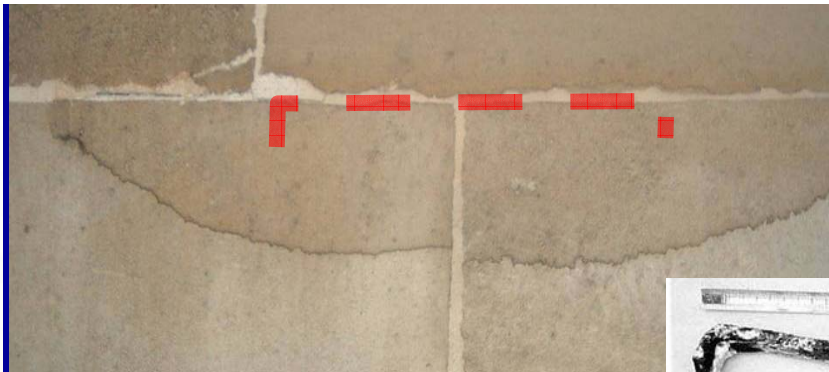


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Agrafe (fer)



DOME

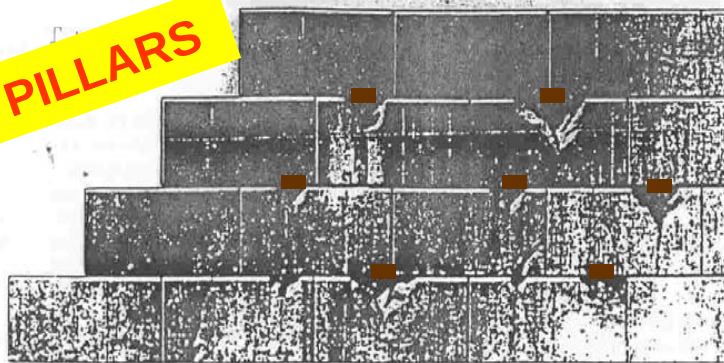


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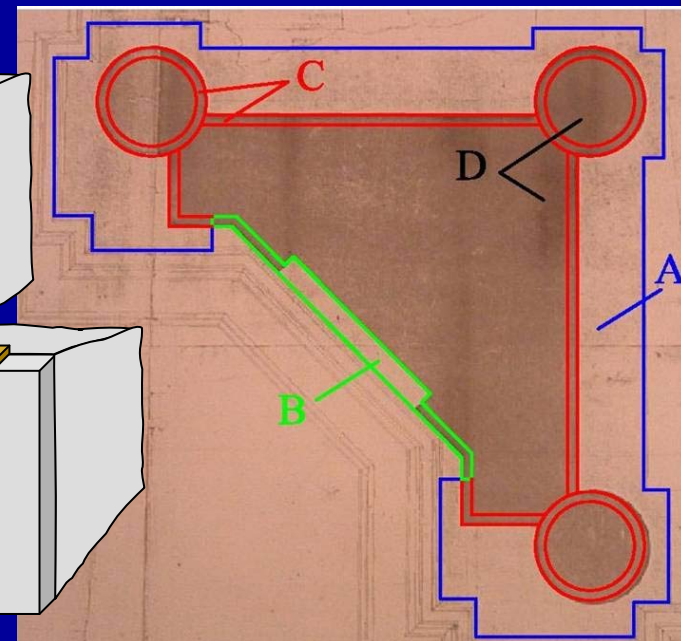
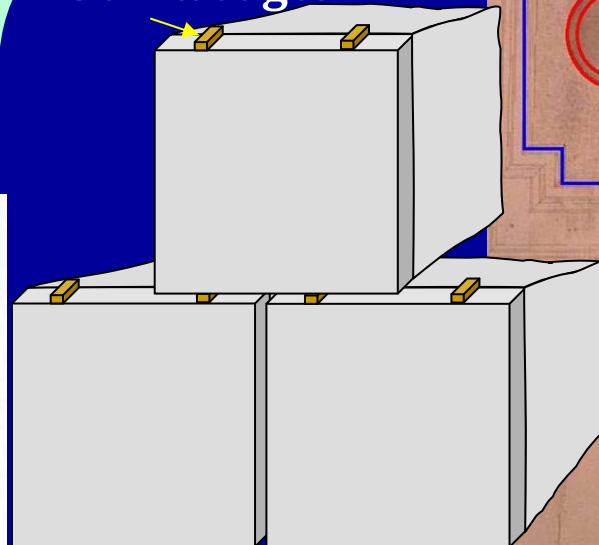


Observed damage

PILLARS



Oak wedges

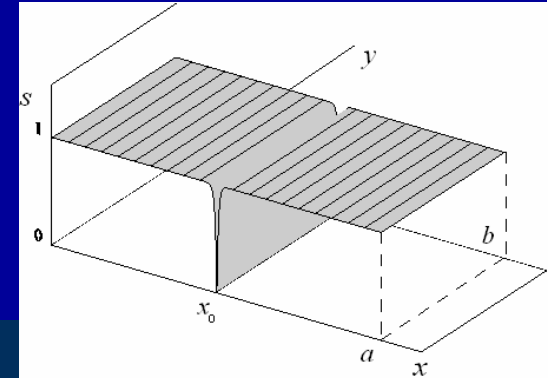


Variational approach to fracture mechanics

$$\min_{\mathbf{u} \in \mathcal{A}_t^{SBV}} \pi[\mathbf{u}] := \int_{\Omega} \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{C} \mathbf{e}[\mathbf{u}] \cdot \mathbf{e}[\mathbf{u}] d\mathbf{x} + \gamma \mathcal{H}^1(S_{\mathbf{u}} \setminus \mathcal{N})$$

$$\mathcal{A}_t^{SBV} = \left\{ \mathbf{u} \in SBV(\tilde{\Omega}) : \mathbf{u} = t \cdot \mathbf{U} \text{ on } \tilde{\Omega} \setminus \bar{\Omega} \right\}$$

Francfort & Marigo,
JMPS, 2002



Boudin, Francfort & Marigo, *JMPS*, 2004

$$\min_{(\mathbf{u}, s) \in \tilde{\mathcal{A}}_t} \Pi_{\varepsilon}[\mathbf{u}, s] = \int_{\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}} (s^2 + k_{\varepsilon}) \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{C} \mathbf{e}[\mathbf{u}] \cdot \mathbf{e}[\mathbf{u}] d\mathbf{x} + \gamma \int_{\tilde{\Omega} \setminus \mathcal{N}} \left[\frac{\varepsilon}{2} |\nabla s|^2 + \frac{(1-s)^2}{2\varepsilon} \right] d\mathbf{x}$$

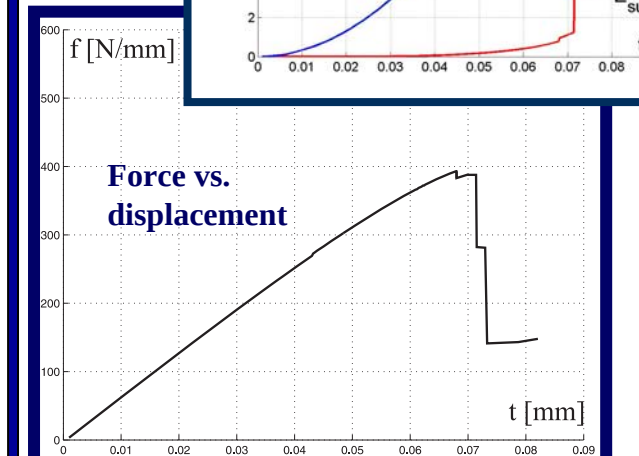
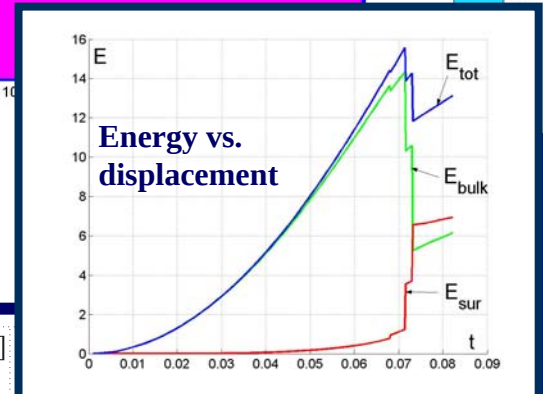
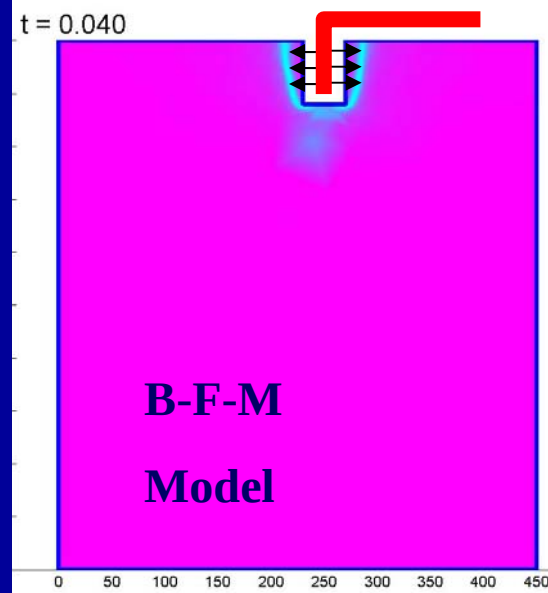
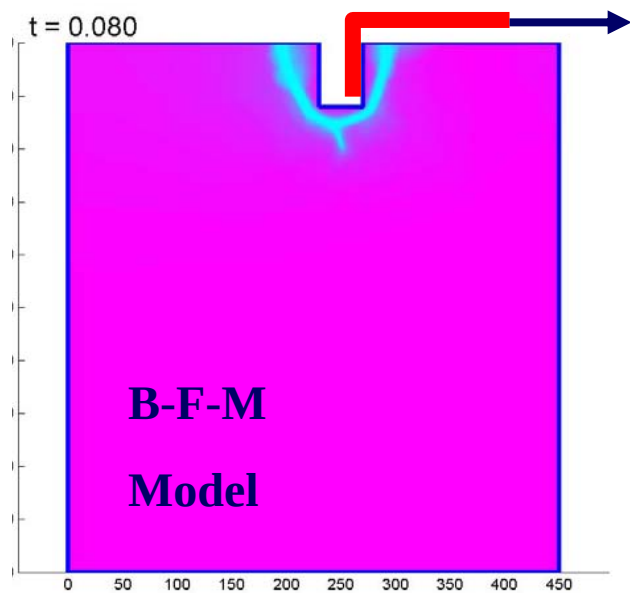
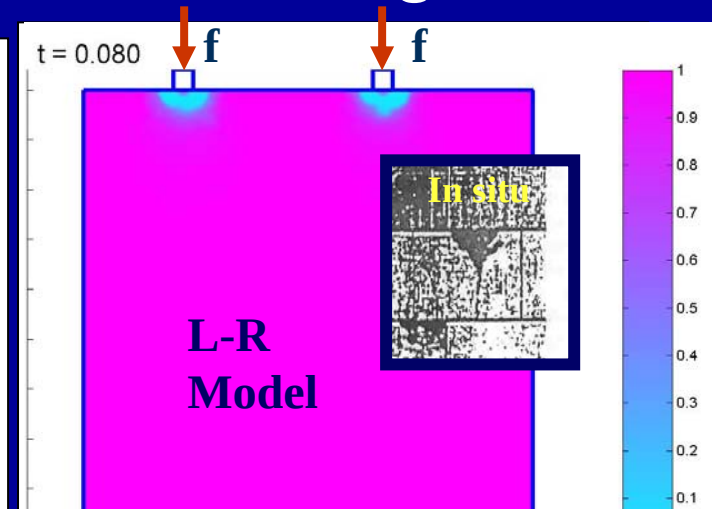
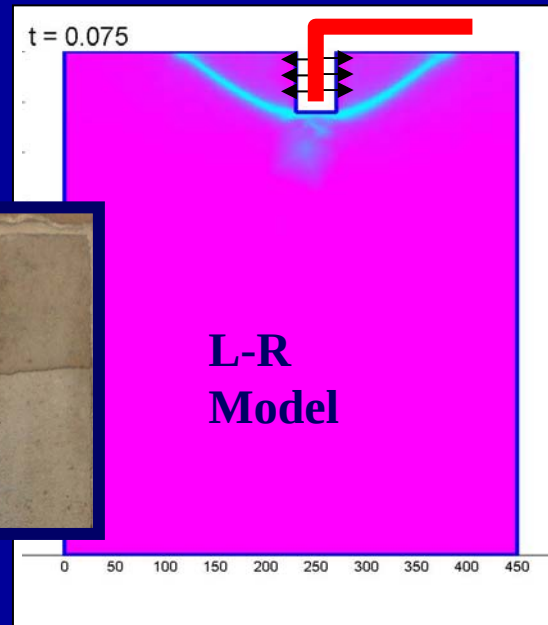
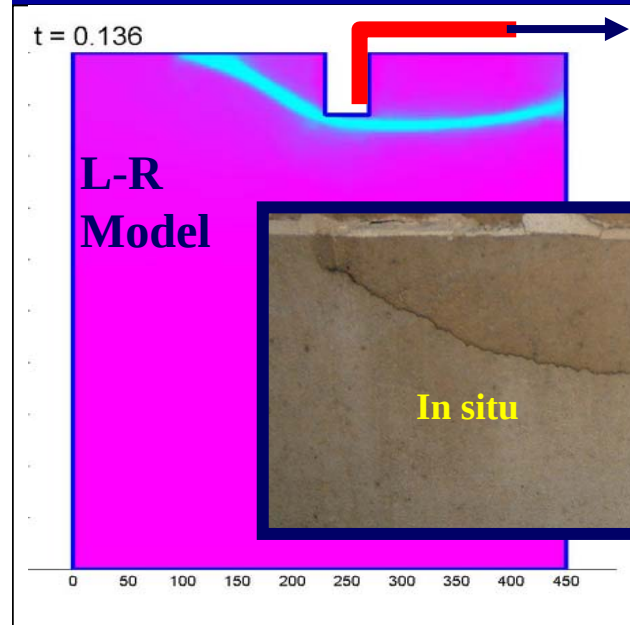
$$\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_t = \left\{ (\mathbf{u}, s) \in W^{1,2}(\tilde{\Omega} \setminus \mathcal{N}, \mathbb{R}^2) \times W^{1,2}(\tilde{\Omega} \setminus \mathcal{N}; [0, 1]) : \mathbf{u} = t \cdot \mathbf{U} \text{ on } \tilde{\Omega} \setminus \bar{\Omega} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi_{\varepsilon}^D[\mathbf{u}, s] = & \int_{\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}} (s^2 + k_{\varepsilon}) \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{C} \mathbf{e}_{dev}[\mathbf{u}] \cdot \mathbf{e}_{dev}[\mathbf{u}] d\mathbf{x} + \int_{\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}} \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{C} \mathbf{e}_{sph}[\mathbf{u}] \cdot \mathbf{e}_{sph}[\mathbf{u}] d\mathbf{x} \\ & + \gamma \int_{\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}} \left[\frac{\varepsilon}{2} |\nabla s|^2 + \frac{(1-s)^2}{2\varepsilon} \right] d\mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_t = \left\{ (\mathbf{u}, s) \in W^{1,2}(\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}, \mathbb{R}^2) \times W^{1,2}(\Omega \setminus \mathcal{N}; [0, 1]) : \mathbf{u} = t \cdot \mathbf{U} \text{ and } s = 1 \text{ on } \mathcal{D} \right\}$$

Lancioni & Royer-Carfagni, 2007

Comparison with observed damage



Pull-out

Oxidation expansion

Wedge contact